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April, 2015

WAVELENGTH

WLD3343

General Purpose Driver for Laser Diodes & VCSELs

GENERAL DESCRIPTION:

The WLD3343 is an easy-to-use analog circuit for space constrained laser diode applications. The WLD3343 maintains precision laser diode current (constant current mode) or stable photodiode current (constant power mode) regulation using electronics that are compatible with any laser diode type. Safely supply up to 3 Amps of current to your laser diode from a single +5 Volt power supply.

Excellent for VCSELs, electro-optical equipment, and medical/dental systems.







WLD3343 GENERAL PURPOSE DRIVER FOR LASER DIODES

• Low Cost

- Slow Start Laser Diode Protection
- Drive Up to 3 Amps Output Current
- Constant Current or Power Operation
- Compatible With Any Laser Diode Type
- Small Package Size (1.30" X 1.26" X 0.313")
- Voltage Controlled Setpoint
- TTL Compatible Shutdown Pin
- Adjustable Current Limit
- Adjustable Current Range
- 2 MHz Constant Current Bandwidth
- Over Temperature Shutdown
- 14-Pin DIP PCB Mount

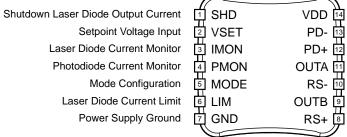
Ordering Information

WLD3343	2.2 A Laser Diode Driver
WLD3343HB	2.2 A Li+ Battery-compatible Driver
WLD3343-3A	3 A Laser Diode Driver
WLD3343-2L	2.2 A Lower Noise Driver, no CP mode
WLD3343-3L	3 A Lower Noise Driver, no CP mode
WLD3393	Evaluation PCB for WLD3343,
	WLD3343-3A, WLD3343-2L,
	and WLD3343-3L
WTW002	Thermal Washer for all WLDs
WHS302	Heatsink for all WLDs
WXC303	+5 VDC Fan for all WLDs
WXC304	+12 VDC Fan for all WLDs

Figure 1

Top View Pin Layout and Descriptions

TOP VIEW



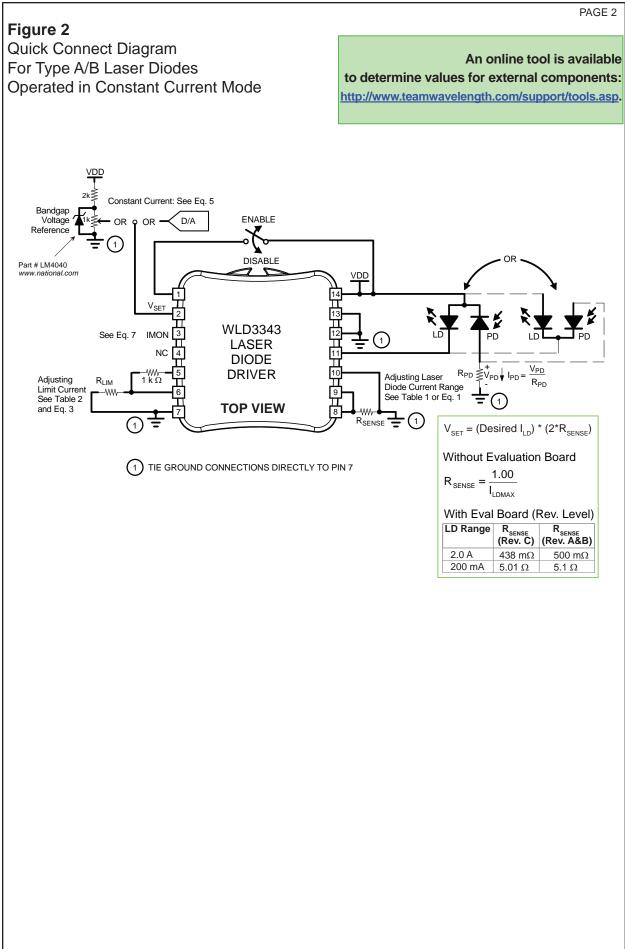
VDD [4	Power Supply Input
PD- 🔢	Photodiode Current
PD+ 🗓	Photodiode Current
	Output A

hotodiode Current Sense Resistor Negative Input hotodiode Current Sense Resistor Positive Input

Output A Laser Diode Current Sense Resistor Negative Input

Output B

Laser Diode Current Sense Resistor Positive Input



ELECTRICAL AND OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5				
RATING	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT		
Supply Voltage (Voltage on Pin 14)	V _{DD}	+4.5 to +12.5	Volts DC		
Output Current (See SOA Chart)	I _{LD}	2.2 or 3	Amperes		
Power Dissipation, T _{AMBIENT} = +25°C	P _{MAX}	9	Watts [1]		
Operating Temperature, case [2]	T _{OPR}	- 40 to + 85 [3]	°C		
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	- 65 to +150	°C		
Weight	WLD3343	0.6	OZ		
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITI	ONS	WLD3343-2A	WLD3343-3A	UNITS
OUTPUT					
Current, peak, see SOA chart			2.2	3	Amps
Compliance Voltage, Laser Diode Load	I _{LD} = 100 mA, 5 V		3	.6	Volts
Compliance Voltage, Laser Diode Load	I _{LD} = 1.0 Amp, 5 V		3.5		Volts
Compliance Voltage, Laser Diode Load	I _{LD} = 2.0 Amps, 5	V	3.0		Volts
Compliance Voltage, Laser Diode Load	I _{LD} = 3.0 Amps, 5	V		2.8	Volts
Compliance Voltage, Laser Diode Load	I _{LD} = 100 mA,12 V	I _{LD} = 100 mA,12 V		10.6	
Compliance Voltage, Laser Diode Load	I _{LD} = 1.0 Amp,12 V		1(10.4	
Compliance Voltage, Laser Diode Load	I _{LD} = 2.0 Amp,12 \	/	10.1		Volts
Compliance Voltage, Laser Diode Load	I _{LD} = 3.0 Amp,12 \	/		9.8	Volts
Rise Time	I _{LD} = Full Scale		4	60	nsec
Fall Time	I _{LD} = Full Scale		320		nsec
Bandwidth	Constant Current,	Sine Wave, 2 A	2.0		MHz
Bandwidth	Constant Power		(Depends	on PD BW)	
Slow Start - Delay			0.24		Seconds
Slow Start - Ramp			0.01		Seconds
Leakage Current [4]			0		mA
CONSTANT CURRENT CONTROL					
Short Term Stability, 1 hour	$T_{AMBIENT} = 25^{\circ}C$	200	200	ppm	
CONSTANT POWER CONTROL					
Short Term Stability, 1 hour	$T_{AMBIENT} = 25^{\circ}C$	0.01		%	
Long Term Stability, 24 hours Notes:	T _{AMBIENT} = 25°C		0.	05	%

[1] In the WLD3343 and WLD3343-2L models, internal power dissipation is 1.2 W (without heatsink), 2 W (with heatsink), and 9 W (with heatsink and fan). In the WLD3343-3A and WLD3343-3L models, internal power dissipation is 2 W (without heatsink), 3 W (with heatsink), and 10 W (with heatsink and fan).

[2] With Revision D forward of the WLD3343, an internal thermostat has been added to activate Shutdown (SHD) when the internal temperature exceeds 105°C. The output will be re-enabled after a 250 to 300 msec slow-start once the internal temperature drops below 95°C.

[3] Max ambient operating temperature of the WLD3343-3A and WLD3343-3L is 45°C.

[4] Leakage current specification is based on full current set by R_{SENSE} . See page 9 for information on setting the current range. Minimum turn on current in the 200 mA range is 350 μ A. Minimum turn on current in the 2 A range is 12 mA. This specification applies to Rev. E forward.

Noise: To further reduce noise, the WLD3343-2L and WLD3343-3L models are available. Both are about 2.5 times lower noise than the WLD3343 and WLD3343-3A, respectively. Constant Power (CP) mode is not available in these models.

PAGE 4

ELECTRICAL AND OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS - Continued

				10040
NS	WLD3343-2A	WLD3343-3A	UNITS	
_{CM} = 0 V		1	mV	
	-50	to 150	μA	
	0	to 2	V	
		80	dB	
	> V _{DD} + 0	.5 or < -0.5	V	
WTW002	:	30	°C/W	
	2	1.5	°C/W	
		3.4	°C / W	

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PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	WLD3343-2A WLD3343-3A	UNITS
INPUT			
Offset Voltage, initial, Imon	Pin 2, $T_{AMBIENT} = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CM} = 0 V$	1	mV
V _{set} Bias Current ⁽¹⁾		-50 to 150	μA
V _{set} Input Voltage Range		0 to 2	V
Power Supply Rejection	Full Temperature Range	80	dB
V _{set} (Pin 2) Damage Threshold		> V _{DD} + 0.5 or < -0.5	V
THERMAL	$T_{AMBIENT} = 25^{\circ}C$		
Heatspreader Temperature Rise	With WHS302 Heat sink, WTW002	30	°C/W
Heatspreader Temperature Rise	Thermal Washer	21.5	°C / W
Heatspreader Temperature Rise	With WHS302 Heat sink, WTW002	3.4	°C / W
	Thermal Washer and 3.5 CFM fan		
Pin Solderability	Solder temp @260°C	10	Seconds
POWER SUPPLY			
Voltage, V _{DD}		5 to 12	Volts
Current, V _{DD} supply, quiescent		10	mA
MONITOR ACCURACY			
Monitor Voltage versus		0.5	%
Expected Output Current,			
based on transfer function			
PD Monitor versus Actual		3.3	%
Setpoint versus Actual		3.5	

Notes:

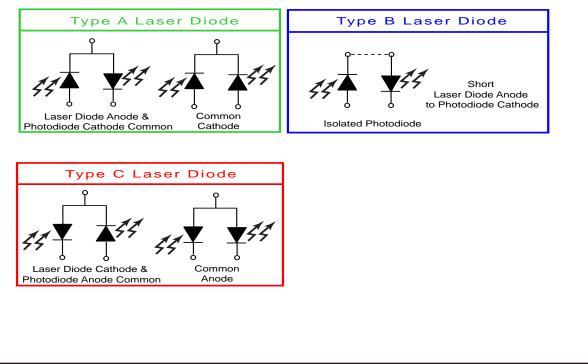
[1] As V_{set} approaches zero volts, the V_{set} signal source must sink up to 50 µA. As V_{set} approaches 2 V, the V_{set} signal source must source up to 150 μ A.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin	Pin #	Name	Function
SHD	1	Shutdown Laser Diode Output Current	 Float or connect a zero Volt signal to Pin 1 (SHD) to ENABLE the output current to the laser diode. Connect a +3 Volt or greater signal to Pin 1 (SHD) to DISABLE the output current to the laser diode.
VSET	2	Setpoint Voltage Input or Modulation Input	Connect a voltage source between Pin 2 (VSET) and Pin 7 (GND) to control either the laser diode current in constant current mode or laser diode power in constant power mode. Range is 0-2.0 volt full scale. Input impedance is 20 k Ω . The offset voltage is 0.5V when open (applies to Revision D forward). Do not let the input pin float or damage to the load may result.
IMON	3	Laser Diode Current Monitor	Monitor the laser diode forward current using Pin 3 (IMON). The Laser Diode Current Monitor produces a voltage proportional to the current flowing through the laser diode.
PMON	4	Photodiode Current Monitor	Monitor the laser diode power using Pin 4 (PMON). The Photodiode Current Monitor produces a voltage proportional to the current produced by the laser diode monitor photodiode.
MODE	5	Mode Configuration	 CONSTANT CURRENT OPERATION: A 1kΩ resistor between Pin 5 (MODE) and Pin 6 (LIM) configures the WLD3343 to regulate the laser diode's forward current. CONSTANT POWER OPERATION: A 0.1 μF capacitor between Pin 5 (MODE) and Pin 6 (LIM) configures the WLD3343 to regulate the laser diode's output power.
LIM	6	Laser Diode Current Limit	A resistor connected between Pin 6 (LIM) and Pin 7 (GND) limits the maximum amount of forward current through the laser diode
GND	7	Power Supply Ground	Connect the VDD power supply ground connection to Pin 7 (GND).
RS+	8	Laser Diode Current Sense Resistor Positive Input	Connect Pin 8 (RS+) directly to the positive side of the laser diode current sense resistor. The resistance value of R _{SENSE} determines the range of forward current through the laser diode.
OUTB	9	Output B	Connect Pin 9 (OUTB) to the positive side of R _{SENSE.}
RS-	10	Laser Diode Current Sense Resistor Negative Input	Connect Pin 10 (RS-) directly to the negative side of the laser diode current sense resistor. The resistance value of R_{SENSE} determines the range of forward current through the laser diode.

PIN	PIN DESCRIPTIONS					
Pin	Pin #	Name	Function			
OUTA	11	Output A	TYPE A/B LASER DIODES: Connect Pin 11 (OUTA) to the cathode connection of the laser diode for type A/B laser diode operation. TYPE C LASER DIODES: Connect Pin 11 (OUTA) to Pin 14 (VDD) for type C laser diode operation.			
PD+	12	Photodiode Current Sense Resistor Positive Input	 TYPE A/B LASER DIODE OPERATION: CC: Connect Pin 12 (PD+) and Pin 13 (PD-) to Pin 7 (GND). CP: Connect Pin 12 (PD+) to the anode of the photodiode. TYPE C LASER DIODE OPERATION: CC: Connect Pin 12 (PD+) and Pin 13 (PD-) to Pin 7 (GND). CP: Connect Pin 12 (PD+) to Pin 14 (VDD). 			
PD-	13	Photodiode Current Sense Resistor Negative Input	 TYPE A/B LASER DIODE OPERATION: CC: Connect Pin 12 (PD+) and Pin 13 (PD-) to Pin 7 (GND). CP: Connect Pin 13 (PD-) to Pin 7 (GND). TYPE C LASER DIODE OPERATION: CC: Connect Pin 12 (PD+) and Pin 13 (PD-) to Pin 7 (GND). CP: Connect Pin 13 (PD-) to the cathode of the photodiode. 			
VDD	14	Power Supply Input	Power supply input for the WLD3343's internal control electronics. Supply range input for this pin is +5 to +12 Volts DC.			

LASER DIODE PACKAGE STYLES



PAGE 6

SAFE OPERATING AREA & HEATSINK REQUIREMENTS

Caution:

Do not exceed the Safe Operating Area (SOA). Exceeding the SOA voids the warranty.

An online tool is available for calculating Safe Operating Area at: http://www.teamwavelength.com/support/calculator/soa/soald.php.

To determine if the operating parameters fall within the SOA of the device, the maximum voltage drop across the controller and the maximum current must be plotted on the SOA curves.

These values are used for the example SOA determination:

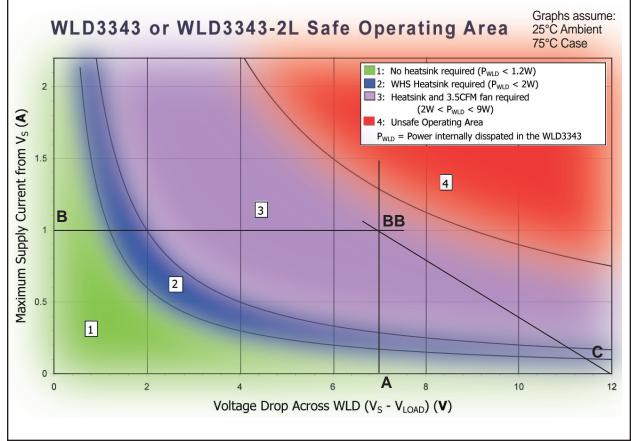
$$V_s = 12 \text{ volts}$$

 $V_{Load} = 5 \text{ volts}$ $I_{Load} = 1 \text{ amp}$ These values are determined from the specifications of the laser diode.

Follow these steps:

- 1. Determine the maximum voltage drop across the driver, V_s-V_{Load}, and mark on the X axis. Example: 12 volts - 5 volts = 7 volts, Point A)
- 2. Determine the maximum current, ILoad, through the driver and mark on the Y axis: (1 amp, Point B)
- 3. Draw a horizontal line through Point B across the chart. (Line BB)
- 4. Draw a vertical line from Point A to the maximum current line indicated by Line BB.
- 5. Mark V_s on the X axis. (Point C)
- Draw the Load Line from where the vertical line from point A intersects Line BB down to Point C. 6.

Refer to the chart shown below and note that the Load Line is in the Unsafe Operating Areas for use with no heatsink (1) or the heatsink alone (2), but is outside of the Unsafe Operating Area for use with heatsink and Fan (3).



SAFE OPERATING AREA & HEATSINK REQUIREMENTS

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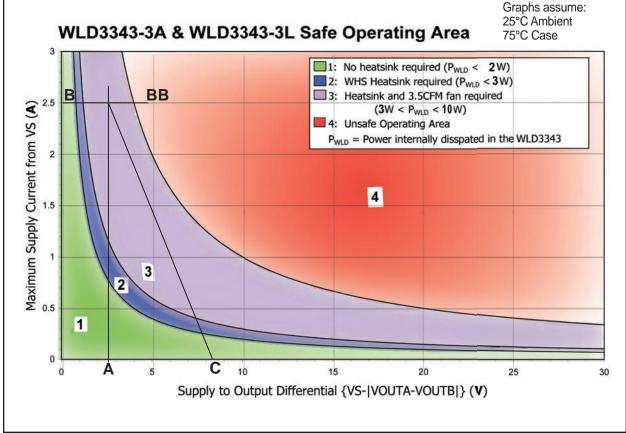
These values are used for the example SOA determination:

 $V_s = 9$ volts V_{Load} = 6 volts These values are determined from the specifications of the laser diode. I_{Load} = 2.5 amps

Follow these steps:

- 1. Determine the maximum voltage drop across the driver, V_s-V_{Load}, and mark on the X axis. Example: 9 volts - 6 volts = 3 volts, Point A)
- 2. Determine the maximum current, I_{Load} , through the driver and mark on the Y axis: (2.5 amps, Point B)
- 3. Draw a horizontal line through Point B across the chart. (Line BB)
- 4. Draw a vertical line from Point A to the maximum current line indicated by Line BB.
- 5. Mark V_s on the X axis. (Point C)
- Draw the Load Line from where the vertical line from point A intersects Line BB down to Point C. 6.

Refer to the chart shown below. Note that the Load Line is in the Safe Operating Area for use with heatsink and fan (3). It is in the Unsafe Operating Area for use with no heatsink (1) or the heatsink alone (2).



1. SELECTING THE LASER DIODE OUTPUT CURRENT RANGE

The output current range of the WLD3343 depends on the selection of resistor R_{SENSE} placed between Pin 8 (RS+) and Pin 10 (RS-) as shown in Figure 3.

Equation 1 calculates R_{SENSE} for a maximum desired laser diode current, I_{LDMAX} . Refer to Table 1 to select R_{SENSE} for common laser diode current ranges.

Table 1

Laser Diode Current Sense Resistor R_{SENSE} vs Maximum Laser Diode Current I_{LDMAX}

Maximum	Constant Power	Constant Current
Output	Current	Current
Current	Sense	Sense
	Resistor,	Resistor,
I _{LDMAX}	R _{SENSE}	R _{SENSE}
50 mA	25.00 Ω	20.00 Ω
125 mA	10.00 Ω	8.00 Ω
250 mA	5.00 Ω	4.00 Ω
500 mA	2.50 Ω	2.00 Ω
1.25 Amps	1.00 Ω	0.80 Ω
2.2 Amps	0.57 Ω	0.45 Ω
3 Amps	0.42 Ω	0.33 Ω

2. HELPFUL HINTS FOR CHOOSING R_{SENSE}

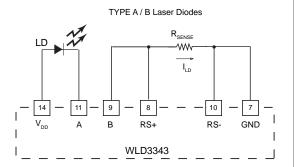
- Never use a carbon film resistor for R_{SENSE}.
- Avoid resistors with high parasitic inductance.
- Select a resistor with a low temperature coefficient (1% ≈ 100ppm/°C).
- Place R_{SENSE} as close to Pins 8 (RS+) and 10 (RS-) on the WLD3343 as possible to avoid parasitic resistance effects from the PCB layout.
- Use Equation 2 for determining the power rating of R_{SENSE}.

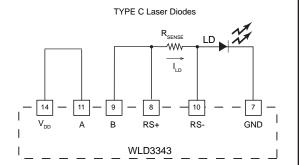
Note: Wavelength Electronics recommends a conservative power rating of 2 times normal maximum for R_{SENSE} . Equation 2 incorporates this recommendation.

An online tool is available to determine values for external components: http://www.teamwavelength.com/support/tools.asp.

Figure 3

Connecting R_{SENSE}





Equation 1

Calculating R_{SENSE}

Constant Power Mode

$$R_{\text{SENSE}} = \frac{1.25}{I_{\text{IDMAX}}}$$

Constant Current Mode

$$R_{\text{SENSE}} = \frac{1.00}{I_{\text{LDMAX}}}$$

Equation 2 Calculating The Power Rating For R_{SENSE}

RATING = 2 *
$$I_{LDMAX}^2$$
 * R_{SENSE}

3. CONFIGURING THE LASER DIODE CURRENT LIMIT

The WLD3343 allows a customized current range for a specific application. This allows optimized set point resolution while minimizing output noise. Table 2 (next page) lists the scaling factors for different current limits (R_{LIM}).

To select an appropriate resistance value for the limit resistor (R_{LIM}), the laser diode type and mode of operation, divide the maximum laser diode current (determined in Section 1) into the desired maximum operating current for the laser diode. This result is the Normalized Maximum Output Current. Choose the resistance value of the current limit set resistor (R_{LIM}) shown next to the calculated Normalized Maximum Output Current.

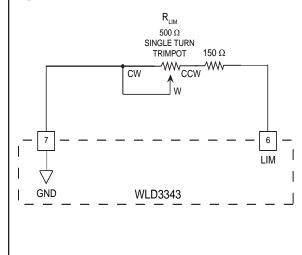
Use Equation 3 to calculate a precise value for $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{LIM}}.$

Setting Current Limits Using Trimpots

Connect a 500 Ω trimpot and a 150 Ω resistor as shown in Figure 4 to make the maximum current limit adjustable.

Figure 4

Adjustable Current Limits



An online tool is available

to determine values for external components: <u>http://www.teamwavelength.com/support/tools.asp</u>.

Example 1

Choosing R_{LIM} for a Type A/B Laser Diode with a 1.5 A Maximum Forward Current in Constant Current Mode.

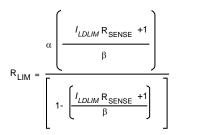
Configure the WLD3343 so that I_{LDMAX} is 2.2 A by selecting R equal to 0.45 Ω . The Normalized Maximum Output Current then equals:

$$=\frac{1.5 \text{ Amps}}{2.2 \text{ Amps}} = 0.68$$

A Normalized Output Current of 0.68 (68%) corresponds to a current limit set resistor R_{LIM} of 405 Ω .

Equation 3





Laser Diode Type / Mode	α	β
Type A/B - CC	282	2.85
Type A/B - CP	350	3.35
Type C - CC	290	2.93
Type C - CP	385	3.57

An online tool is available to determine values for external components: http://www.teamwavelength.com/support/tools.asp.

Current Limit Set Resistor R_{LIM} vs Normalized Maximum Output Current

Normalized	Type A/B Laser	Type A/B Laser	Type C Laser Diode	Type C Laser Diode
Maximum	Diode Constant	Diode Constant	Constant Current	Constant Power
Output	Current Limit Set	Power Limit Set	Limit Set Resistor	Limit Set Resistor
Current	Resistor R _{LIM} (Ω)	Resistor R_{LIM} (Ω)	$R_{LIM}(\Omega)$	$R_{LIM}(\Omega)$
0.00 (0%)	152	149	150	150
0.04 (4%)	162	160	160	160
0.08 (8%)	172	171	169	171
0.12 (12%)	183	183	179	183
0.16 (16%)	194	195	190	195
0.20 (20%)	205	208	201	207
0.24 (24%)	217	222	213	220
0.28 (28%)	230	236	225	234
0.32 (32%)	243	251	238	248
0.36 (36%)	257	267	251	263
0.40 (40%)	272	284	265	279
0.44 (44%)	288	301	280	295
0.48 (48%)	305	320	296	313
0.52 (52%)	322	340	313	331
0.56 (56%)	341	361	330	350
0.60 (60%)	361	383	349	370
0.64 (64%)	382	406	369	392
0.68 (68%)	405	432	390	414
0.72 (72%)	429	459	412	438
0.76 (76%)	455	488	436	463
0.80 (80%)	483	519	462	490
0.84 (84%)	514	552	490	519
0.88 (88%)	547	588	519	550
0.92 (92%)	582	627	551	583
0.96 (96%)	621	670	586	618
1.00 (100%)	664	716	624	656

OPERATION

4. SELECTING THE MONITOR PHOTODIODE CURRENT RANGE

The monitor photodiode current range determines the selection of the resistor R_{PD} .

Equation 4 calculates R_{PD} for a maximum desired photodiode current, I_{PDMAX} . Refer to Table 3 to select R_{PD} for common photodiode current ranges.

In constant power mode, the photodiode is used to control laser output and R_{PD} is connected across Pin 12 (PD+) and Pin 13 (PD-). In constant current mode, the photodiode is excluded from the control circuit and Pin 12 (PD+) and Pin 13 (PD-) are shorted together. The photodiode current can still be monitored in constant current mode with R_{PD} . Refer to Figure 5 for photodiode resistor connections. An online tool is available to determine values for external components: http://www.teamwavelength.com/support/tools.asp.

Equation 4

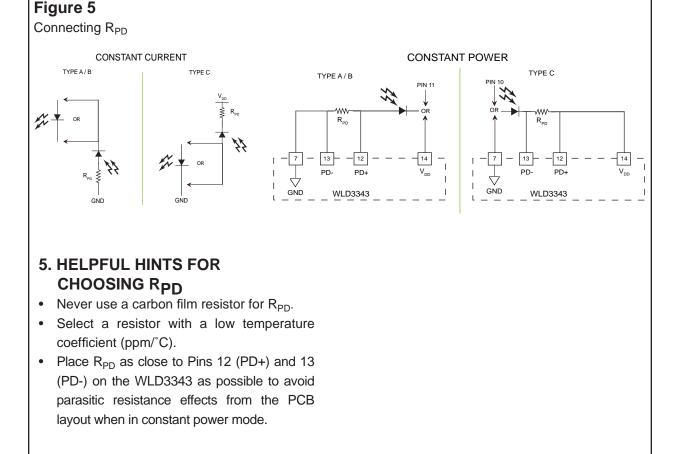
Calculating R_{PD}

$$R_{PD} = \frac{1}{I_{PDMAX}}$$

Table 3

Monitor Photodiode Sense Resistor R_{PD} vs Maximum Photodiode Current I_{PDMAX}

Monitor Photodiode Current Sense Resistor, RPD
50 kΩ 5 kΩ
500 Ω 50 Ω



6. DISABLING OUTPUT CURRENT

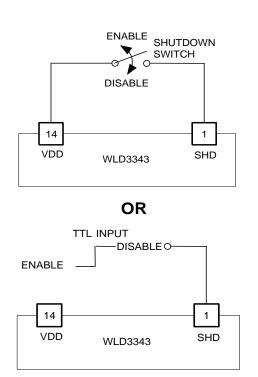
The output current can be enabled and disabled as shown in Figure 6 using a SPST (Single-Pole Single-Throw) switch or a TTL signal.

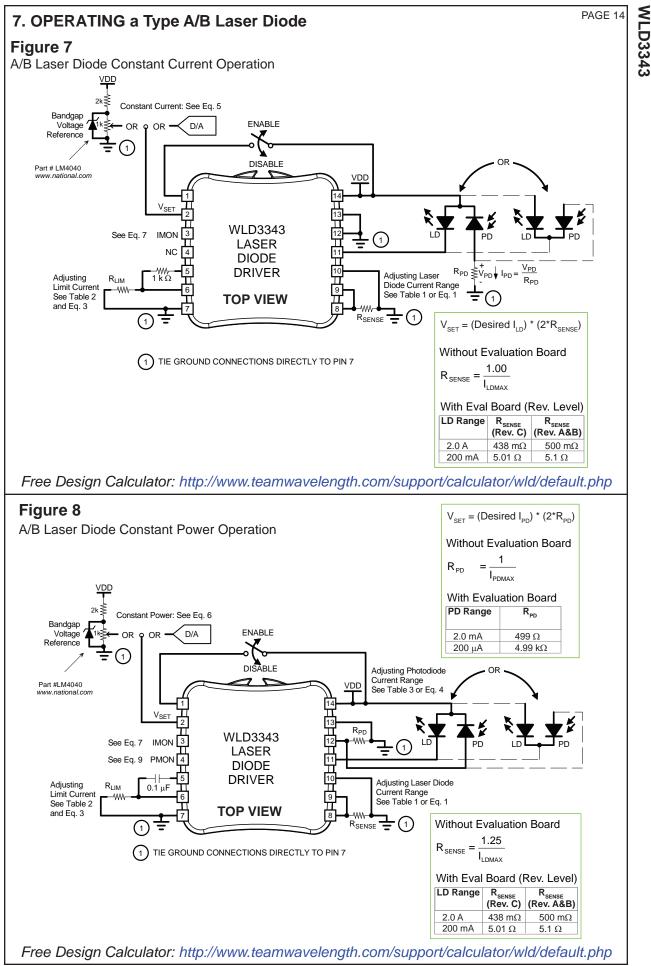
NOTE:

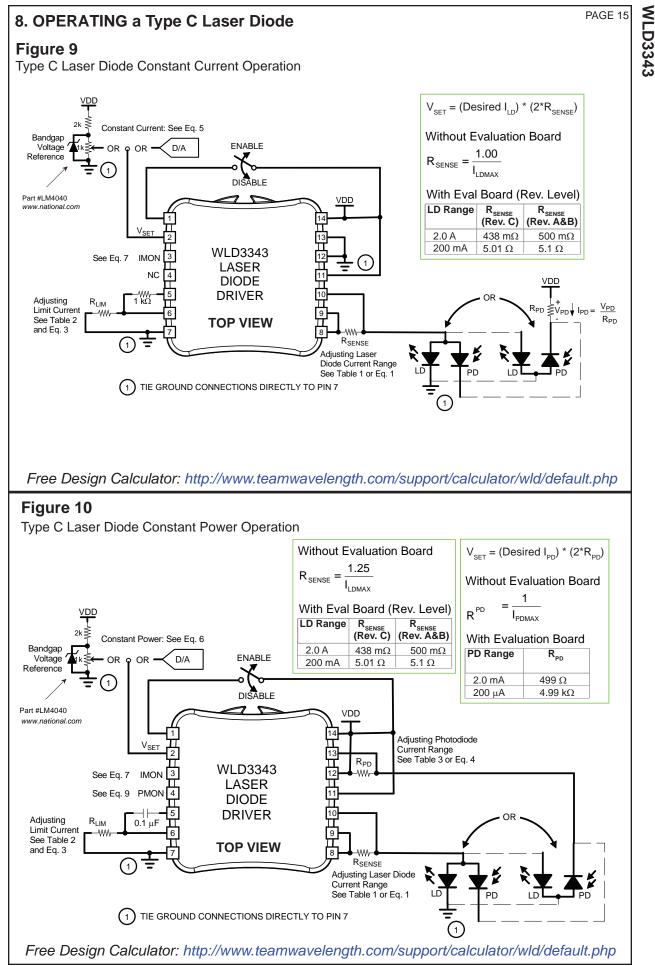
Do not insert or remove the laser diode from the WLD3343 circuit with power applied to the unit.

Figure 6

Disabling Output Current







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9. CONTROLLING THE LASER DIODE FORWARD CURRENT IN CONSTANT CURRENT MODE

Equation 5 calculates the laser diode forward current produced by applying a voltage at Pin 2 (V_{ser}) in constant current mode.

10. CONTROLLING THE MONITOR PHOTODIODE CURRENT IN CONSTANT POWER MODE

Equation 6 calculates the monitor photodiode current produced by applying a voltage at Pin 2 (V_{SET}) in constant power mode.

11.TYPICAL OPERATION OF THE VOLTAGE CONTROL INPUT

Figure 11 illustrates a typical configuration of the WLD3343 voltage input.

CAUTION: CONNECTING VOLTAGES OUTSIDE THE RANGE OF VDD TO GND TO THE VOLTAGE SETPOINT INPUT ON PIN 2 (V_{SET}) CAN RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE WLD3343 OR YOUR LASER DIODE.

12. MEASURING LASER DIODE FORWARD CURRENT USING THE CURRENT MONITOR OUTPUT

Equation 7 provides a transfer function for converting the voltage output of Pin 3 (IMON) to the amount of forward current flowing through the laser diode.

13.MEASURING MONITOR PHOTODIODE CURRENT IN CONSTANT CURRENT MODE

Equation 8 provides a transfer function for converting the voltage across R_{PD} to the amount of current flowing through the monitor photodiode in constant current mode.

14. MEASURING MONITOR PHOTODIODE CURRENT IN CONSTANT POWER MODE USING THE POWER MONITOR OUTPUT

Equation 9 provides a transfer function for converting the voltage output of Pin 4 (PMON) to the amount of current flowing through the monitor photodiode in constant power mode.

Equation 5

Constant Current Control

 $I_{LD} = \frac{V_{PIN2}}{2^{*R}_{SENSE}}$ [AMPS]

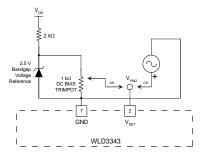
Equation 6

Constant Power Control

$$PD = \frac{V_{PIN2}}{2^{*R}} [AMPS]$$

Figure 11

Configuring The Voltage Input



Equation 7

Laser Diode Forward Current Measurement

$$I_{LD} = \frac{V_{PIN3}}{2^{*}R_{SENSE}}$$
 [AMPS]

Equation 8

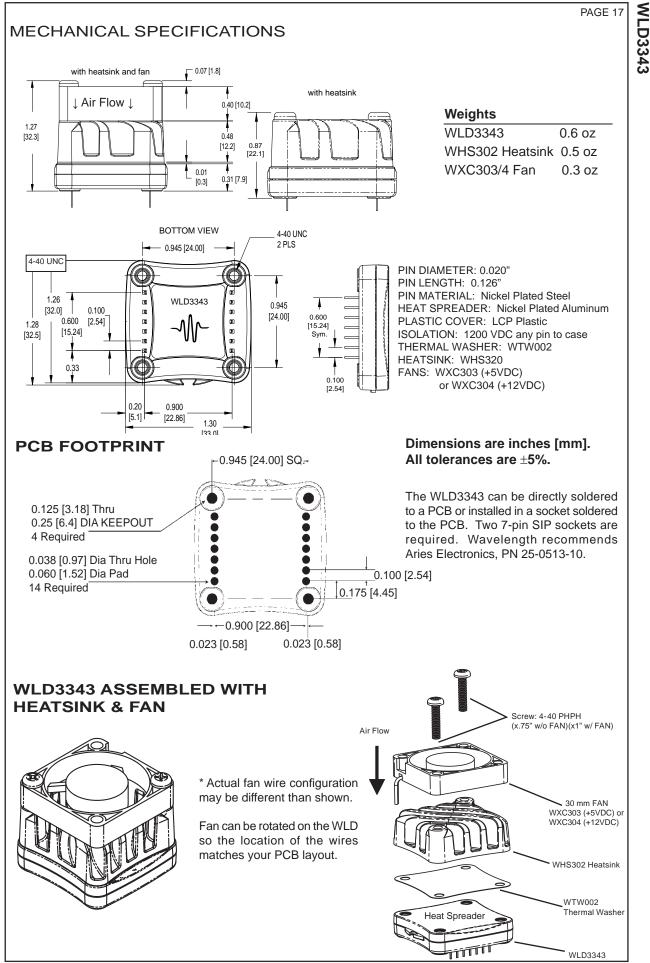
Monitor Photodiode Current Measurement in Constant Current Mode

$$I_{PD} = \frac{V_{RPD}}{R_{PD}}$$
 [AMPS]

Equation 9

Monitor Photodiode Current Measurement in Constant Power Mode

$$PD = \frac{V_{PIN4}}{2^{*}R_{PD}}$$
 [AMPS]



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CERTIFICATION AND WARRANTY

CERTIFICATION:

Wavelength Electronics (Wavelength) certifies that this product met it's published specifications at the time of shipment. Wavelength further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology, to the extent allowed by that organization's calibration facilities, and to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members.

WARRANTY:

This Wavelength product is warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 90 days from date of shipment. During the warranty period, Wavelength will, at its option, either repair or replace products which prove to be defective.

WARRANTY SERVICE:

For warranty service or repair, this product must be returned to the factory. An RMA is required for products returned to Wavelength for warranty service. The Buyer shall prepay shipping charges to Wavelength and Wavelength shall pay shipping charges to return the product to the Buyer upon determination of defective materials or workmanship. However, the Buyer shall pay all shipping charges, duties, and taxes for products returned to Wavelength from another country.

LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY:

The warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from improper use or misuse of the product or operation outside published specifications.

No other warranty is expressed or implied. Wavelength specifically disclaims the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES:

The remedies provided herein are the Buyer's sole and exclusive remedies. Wavelength shall not be liable for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages, whether based on contract, tort, or any other legal theory.

REVERSE ENGINEERING PROHIBITED:

Buyer, End-User, or Third-Party Reseller are expressly prohibited from reverse engineering, decompiling, or disassembling this product.

NOTICE:

The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. Wavelength will not be liable for errors contained herein or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance, or use of this material. No part of this document may be translated to another language without the prior written consent of Wavelength.

SAFETY:

There are no user serviceable parts inside this product. Return the product to Wavelength for service and repair to ensure that safety features are maintained.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY:

As a general policy, Wavelength Electronics, Inc. does not recommend the use of any of its products in life support applications where the failure or malfunction of the Wavelength product can be reasonably expected to cause failure of the life support device or to significantly affect its safety or effectiveness. Wavelength will not knowingly sell its products for use in such applications unless it receives written assurances satisfactory to Wavelength that the risks of injury or damage have been minimized, the customer assumes all such risks, and there is no product liability for Wavelength. Examples of devices considered to be life support devices are neonatal oxygen analyzers, nerve stimulators (for any use), auto transfusion devices, blood pumps, defibrillators, arrhythmia detectors and alarms, pacemakers, hemodialysis systems, peritoneal dialysis systems, ventilators of all types, and infusion pumps as well as other devices designated as "critical" by the FDA. The above are representative examples only and are not intended to be conclusive or exclusive of any other life support device.

provided herein are the Buyer's sole remedies. Wavelength shall not be lirect, indirect, special, incidental, or lamages, whether based on contract, r legal theory.	REVISION HISTORY		
	REVISION	DATE	NOTES
	REV. I	31-Aug-09	Updated mechanical specification and links
SINEERING PROHIBITED: ser, or Third-Party Reseller are hibited from reverse engineering, disassembling this product. WAVELENGTH ELECTRONICS, INC. 51 Evergreen Drive Bozeman, Montana, 59715 phone: (406) 587-4910 Sales/Tech Support fax: (406) 587-4911 e-mail: sales@teamwavelength.com web: www.teamwavelength.com	REV. J	21-May-10	WLD Rev. E released lower noise, no leakage current, several models
	REV. K	8-Oct-10	Added VSET input limits
	REV. L	3-Jun-11	Updated mechanical specifications
	REV. M	16-Dec-11	Updated mechanical specifications
	REV. N	10-Feb-12	Updated V _{SET} specifications and pin description
	REV. O	25-Jan-13	Added socket recommendation
	REV. P	16-Apr-15	Updated specs